

FIG. 11(a)

MOISTURE + OXYGEN GAS MIXTURE

 F_{W} (FLOW RATE OF MOISTURE)

Fo (FLOW RATE OF OXYGEN)

FIG. 11(b)

MOISTURE + HYDROGEN GAS MIXTURE

 $P_{\mathbf{W}}$ (Partial pressure of moisture)

P_H (PARTIAL PRESSURE OF HYDROGEN)

MOISTURE CONCENTRATION = $\frac{P_W}{P_H} \times 100\%$

MOISTURE CONCENTRATION = $\frac{F_W}{F_O + F_W} \times 100\%$

FIG. 12

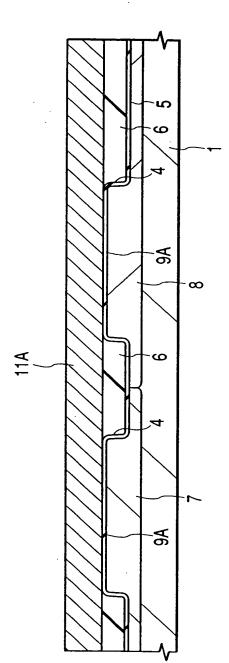
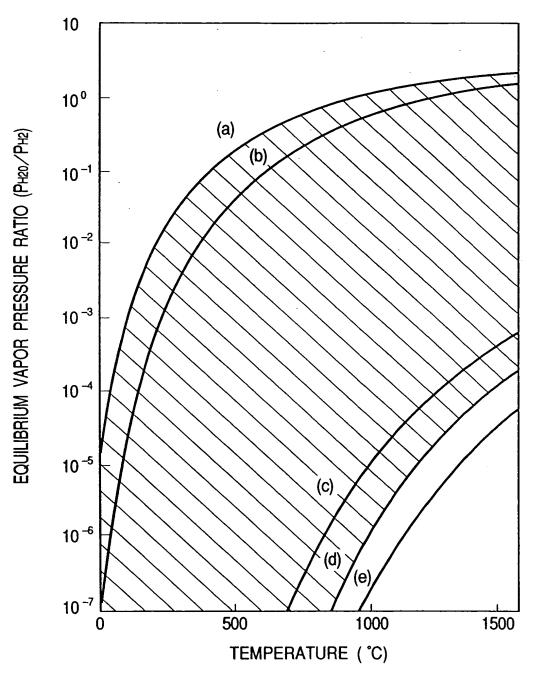
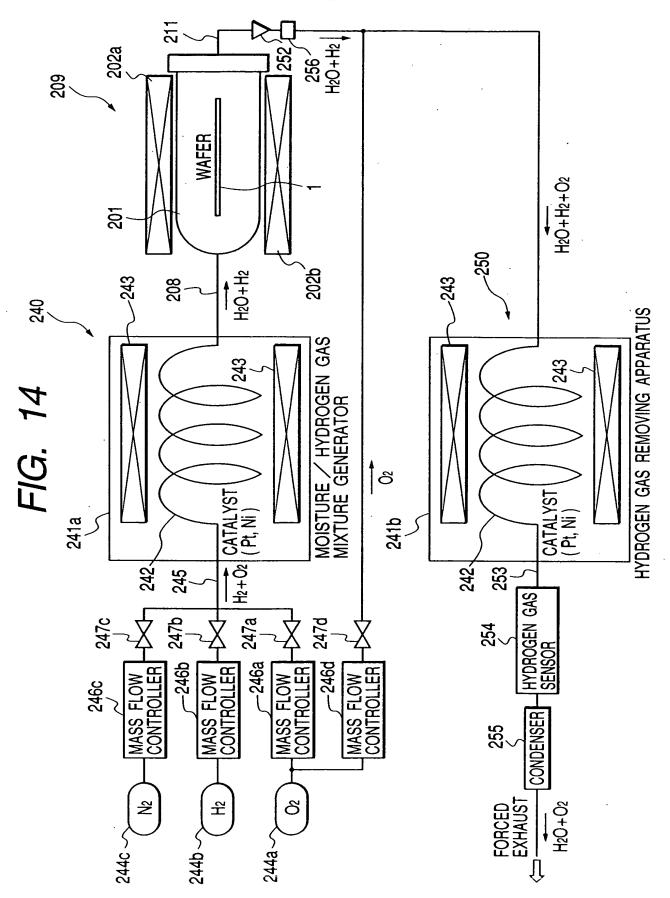
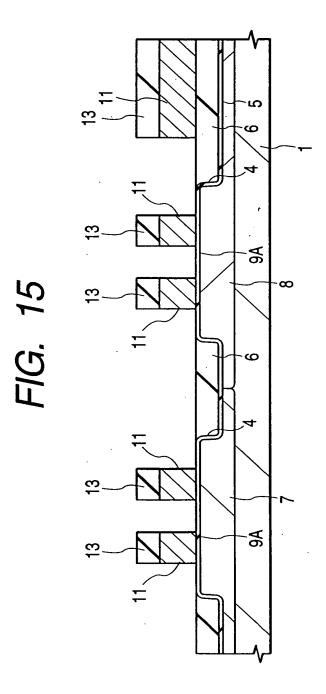


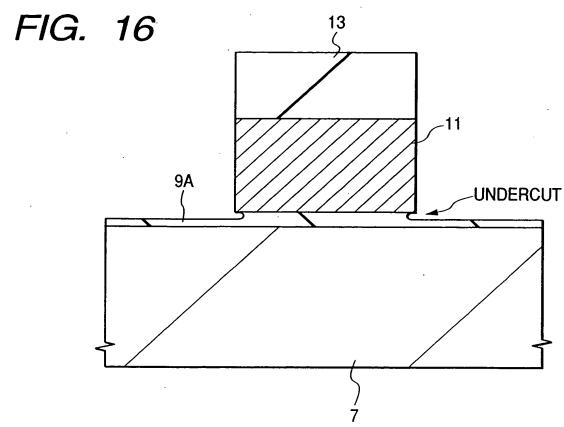
FIG. 13

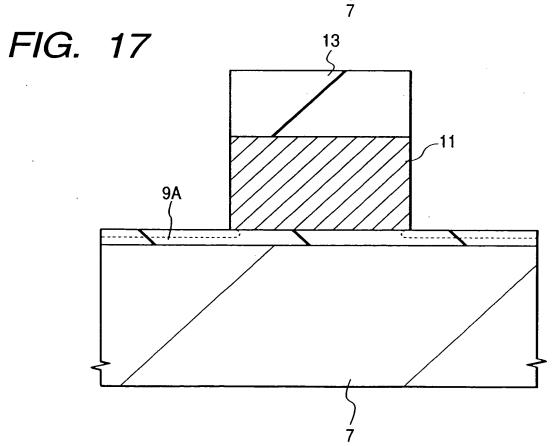


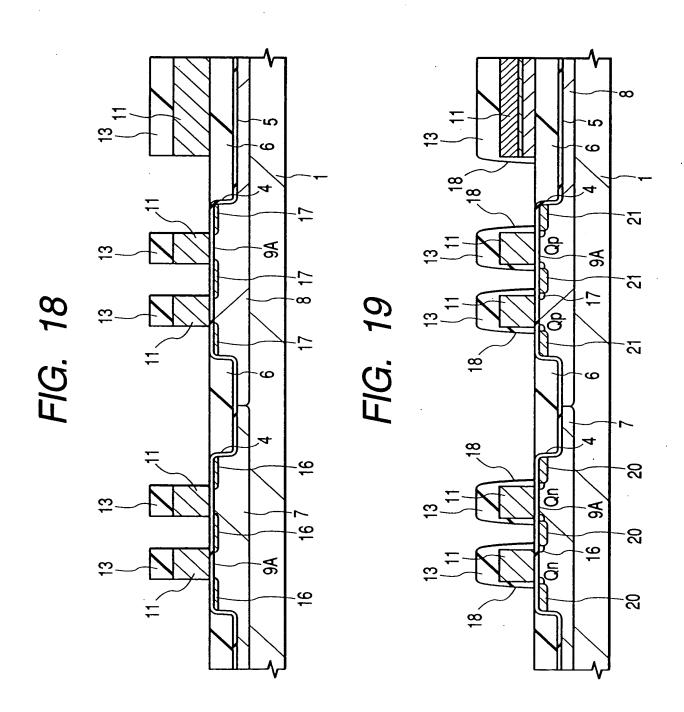
- (a) $W + 3H_2O \implies WO_3 + 3H_2$
- (b) Mo+2H₂O = MoO₂+2H₂
- (c) $2Ta + 5H_2O \implies Ta_2O_5 + 5H_2$
- (d) $Si + 2H_2O \Rightarrow SiO_2 + 2H_2$
- (e) Ti+2H₂O → TiO₂+2H₂

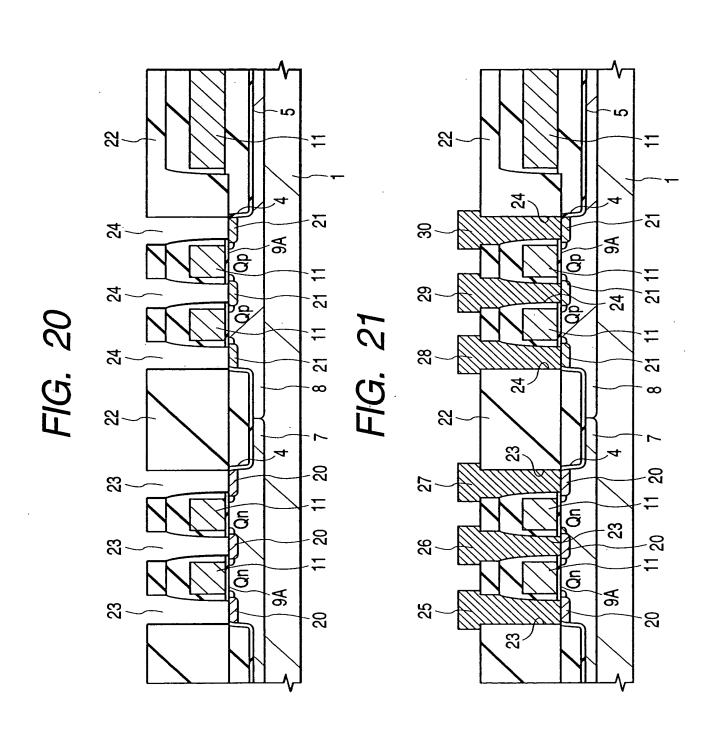












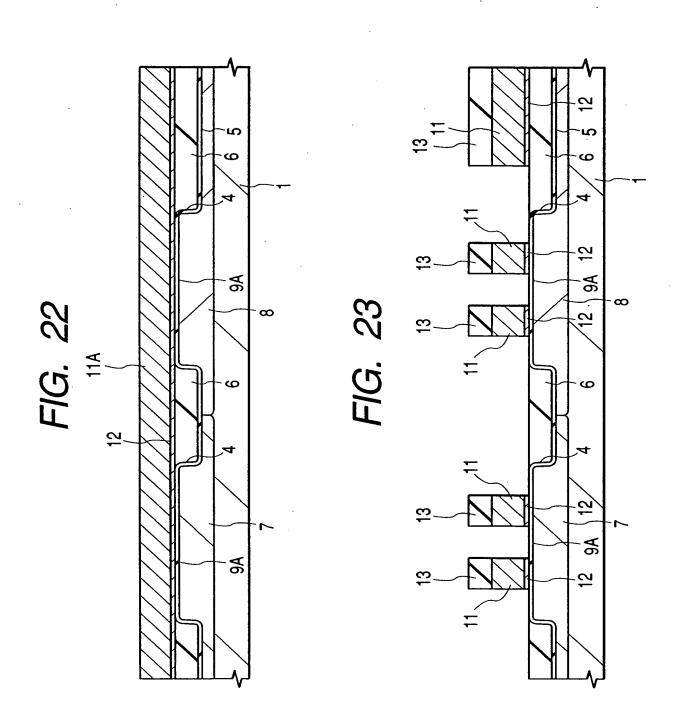


FIG. 24

dr=EFFECTIVE FILM THICKNESS IN SIO2 TERMS

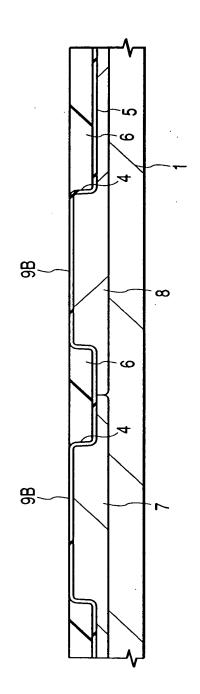
d=THICKNESS OF TARGET INSULATING FILM

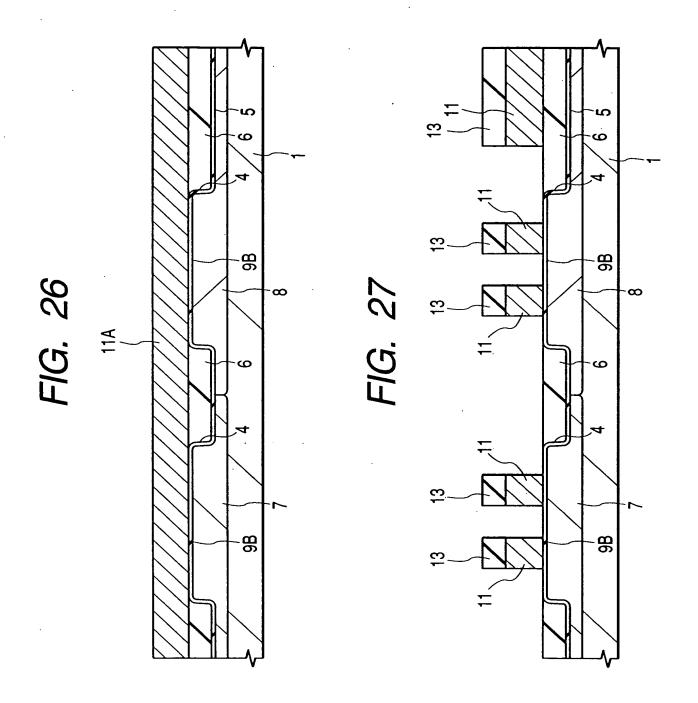
ε_s=DIELECTRIC CONSTANT OF SILICON

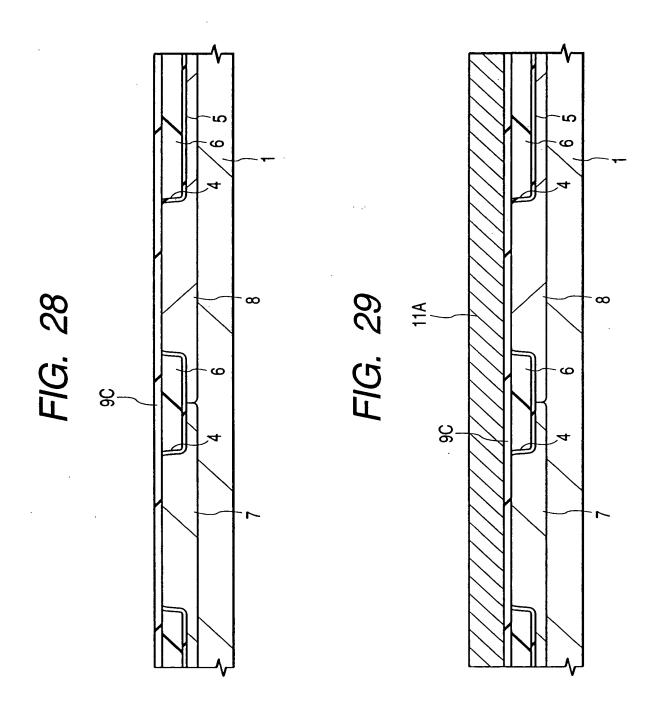
 $d_r = \epsilon_s \frac{d_i}{\sum_i \epsilon_i}$

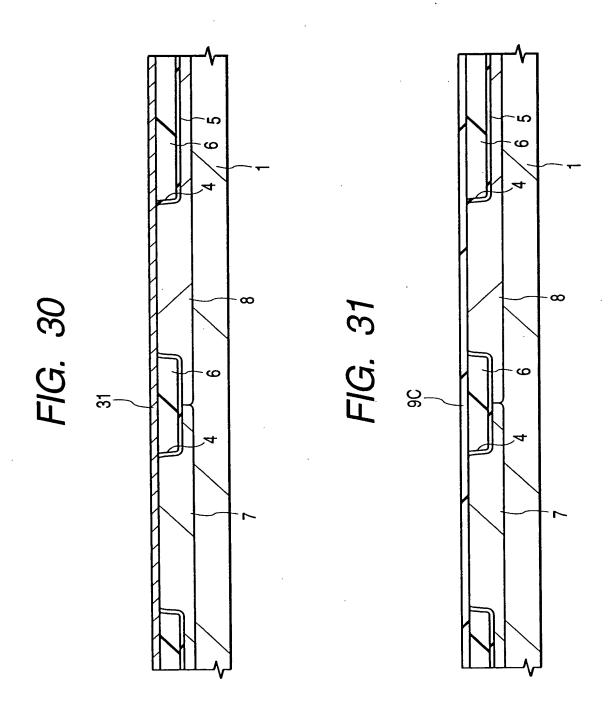
ε_i=DIELECTRIC CONSTANT OF TARGET INSULATING FILM

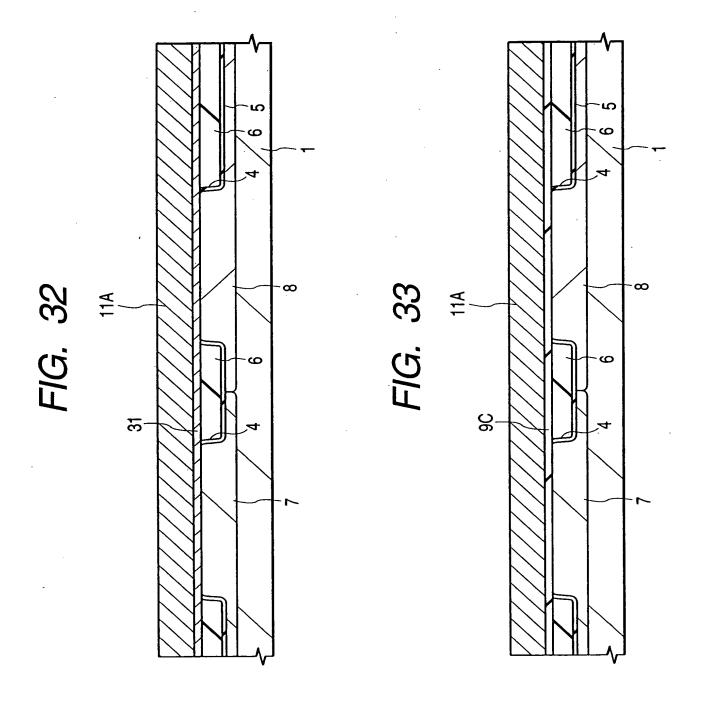
FIG. 25

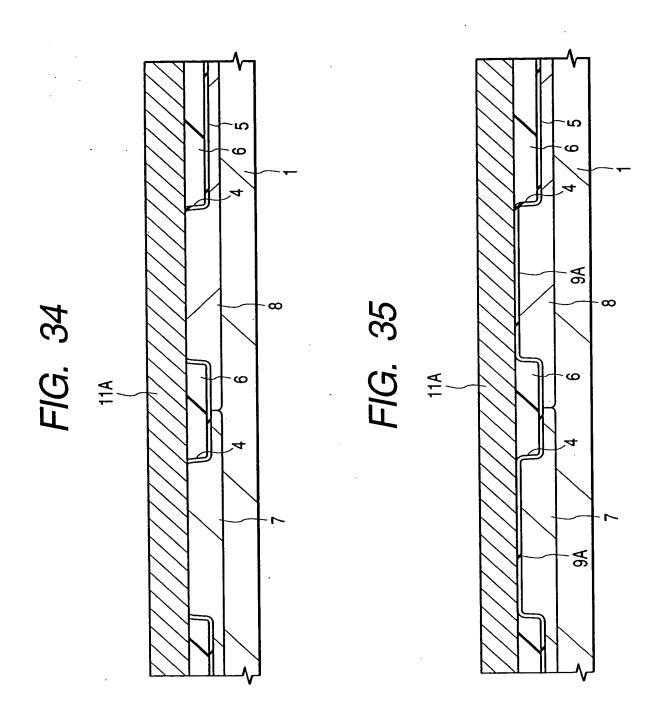


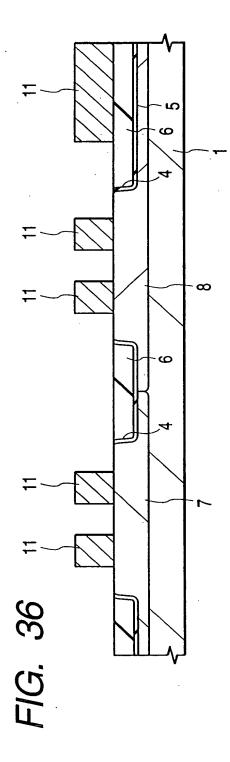












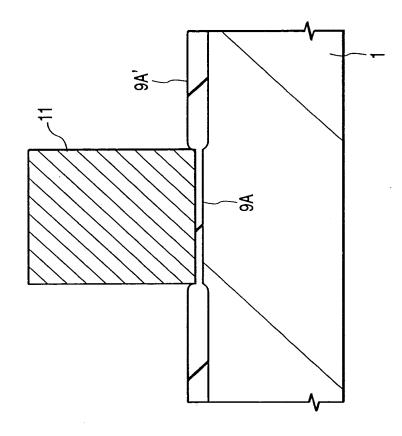
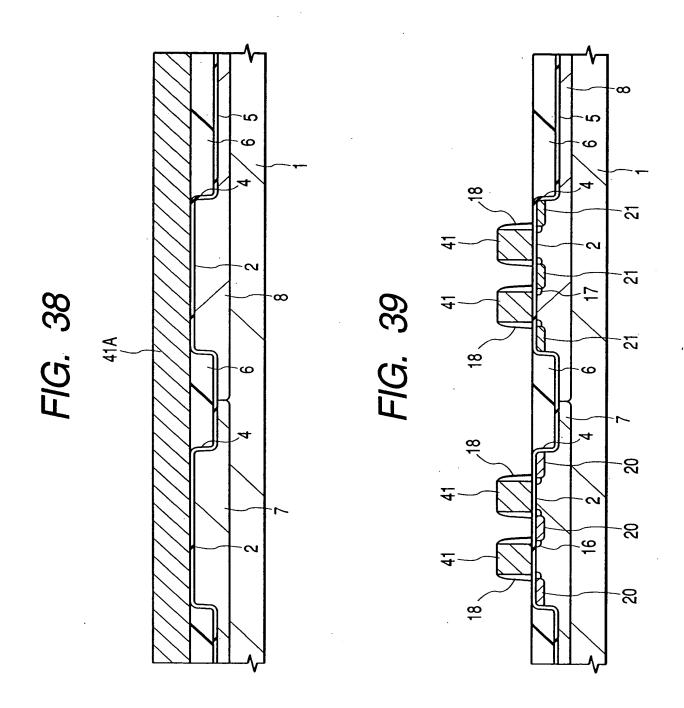
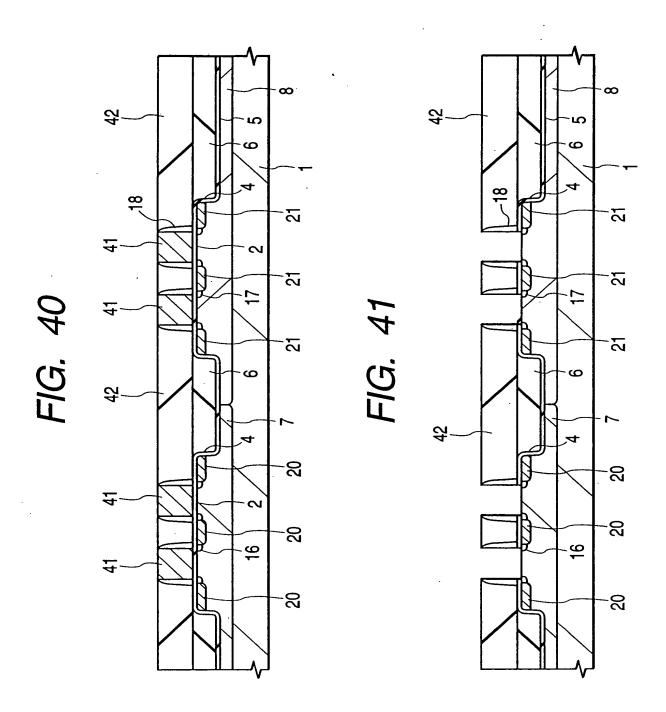
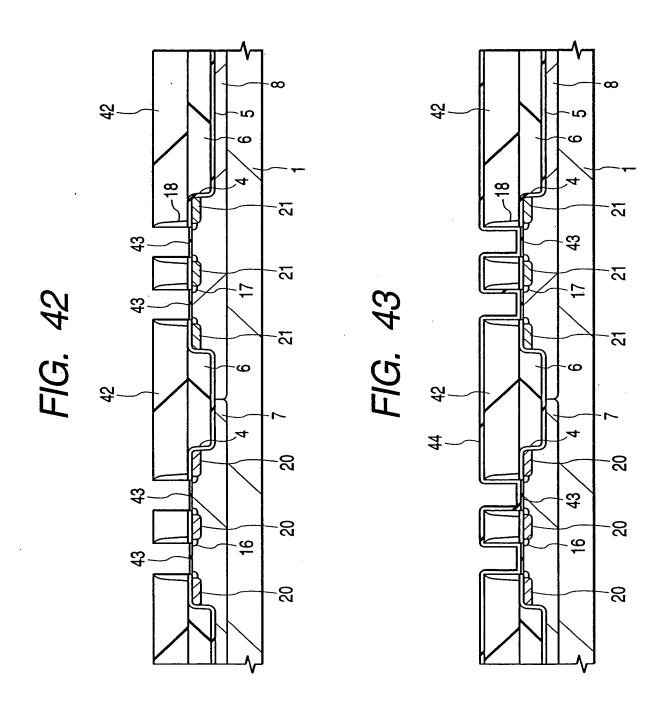
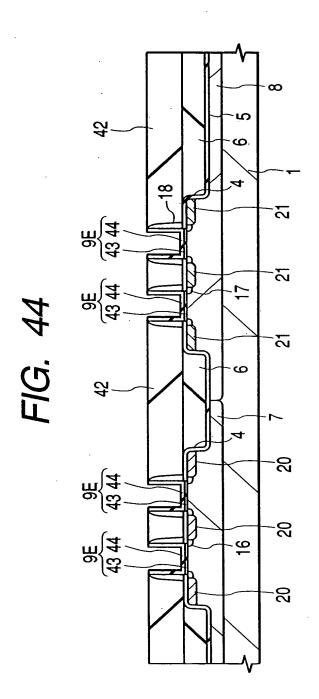


FIG. 37









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